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Award Number: DAMD17-00-1-0572

TITLE: Development of a Novel Vaccine with Fusions of Dendritic and Ovarian Cancer Cells from Patients

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Boston, Massachusetts 02115

REPORT DATE: August 2001

TYPE OF REPORT: Annual

PREPARED FOR: U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command

Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-5012

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT: Approved for Public Release;

Distribution Unlimited

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# **REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE**

Form Approved OMB No. 074-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Burden Panetony Reduction Project (0704-0188). Washington DC 20503

Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Pr		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank	August 2001	3. REPORT TYPE AND Annual (1 Aug			
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE			5. FUNDING NUMBERS		
				-1-0572	
and Ovarian Cancer Cell					
6. AUTHOR(S)					
Jianlin Gong, M.D.					
5.					
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION	
Dana Farber Cancer Institute			REPORT NUMBER		
Boston, Massachusetts 02115					
E-Mail:					
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)			10. SPONSORING / MONITORING		
			AGENCY REPORT NUMBER		
U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command			,		
Fort Detrick, Maryland 21702-50	012				
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES					
12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT				12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE	
Approved for Public Rel	.ease; Distribution Un	limited			
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 Work	del			L	
Ovarian carcinoma cells					
The fusion cells co-expr	essed tumor-associated	I antigens derived	d from ovar	ian carcinoma cells	
and DC-derived co-stimulatory molecules. Fusion cells retained the functional potency of DC and					
stimulated autologous T cell proliferation in vitro. These T cells derived from patients with					
metastatic ovarian cancer induced MHC class I-restricted lysis of autologous ovarian tumor cells, but not monocytes, allogeneic ovarian carcinoma cells or MUC1 positive tumor cell lines. These					
findings indicate that fusions of human ovarian cancer cells with autologous or allogeneic DC					
induce specific antitumor immune response against autologous ovarian cancer cells.					
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14. SUBJECT TERMS				15. NUMBER OF PAGES	
Dedritic cells, Ovarian carcinoma, Cell fusions, Vaccination,			,	5	
Cytotoxicity T lymphocytes				16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION	19. SECURITY CLASSIF	CATION	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	
OF REPORT Unclassified	OF THIS PAGE Unclassified	OF ABSTRACT Unclassif	; od	Unlimited	
UDC:14881E100 1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	United SSTI			

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### INTRODUCTION:

Dendritic cells (DC) have been fused to carcinoma cells. The hybrid cells express DC-derived MHC class I and II and costimulatory molecules as well as tumorderived antigens. Immunization with fusion cells elicit specific and potent antitumor immunity and eradicate established pulmonary metastasis in animal model. We propose to extend these findings to humans using ovarian carcinoma as tumor model. Human ovarian carcinoma cells express the CA-125, HER2/neu and MUC1 tumor-associated antigens as potential targets for the induction of active specific immunotherapy. We successfully fused human ovarian carcinoma cells with autologous (auto) or allogeneic (allo) DC. Both auto- or allo-fusion cells induced cytolytic activity and lysis of autologous tumor cells.

### **BODY:**

In the first year of funding, my human protocol and consent form have approved by Dana-Farber cancer institute IRB previously need to be revised according to the requirements of the U.S. Army regarding to human subjects protection. In the April 30, 2001, the revised human protocol and consent form have been approved by both DFCI fRB and U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command, human subjects protection specialist, Dr Howard (see attachment). We are waiting for the final approval by the Army and reinitiate the study. Even so, we obtained very interesting results based on the previous studies. Ovarian cancer cells from patients have been successfully fused to autologous and allogeneic DC. Both auto- and allo-DC/tumor fusion cells express the CA-125 and MUC1 antigens, MHC class II, B7-1 and B7-2. Autologous T cells cocultured with auto- or allo-DC/tumor fusion cells resulted in the proliferation. Moreover, both fusion cells induced cytolytic T cell activity and lysis of autologous tumor cells by a MHC class I-restricted mechanism.

#### **DISCUSSION:**

We have developed a vaccine based on the fusions of DC with ovarian cancer cells. The fusion cells express MHC class I and II, costimulatory molecules and tumor-derived peptides. They are well equipped to activate T cells in the right environment. We demonstrate that auto- or allo-DC/ovarian cancer fusion cells are potent stimulators of autologous T cells. Both fusion cells induce specific CTL activity and lysis of autologous tumor cells.

In the coming year, we will study on more case of patients for the effective of fusion cell, and also will focus on the fusion cells of ovarian carcinoma cells with HLA-matched or unmatched allogeneic DC. Both fusion cells will be assessed

phynotypically and functionally. We will also study the basis of CTL generation and analyze the CTL stimulated by autologous fusion cells.

## **CONCLUSIONS:**

- Ovarian cancer cells can be fused to either allogeneic or autologous DC.
- Fusion cells express MHC class I and class II, co-stimulatory molecules, ICAM and tumor antigens.
- Both allogeneic and autologous DC fused with patients-derived OVCA can efficiently stimulate the patient's T cell proliferation.
- CTL generated by fusion cells demonstrate strong lysis of autologous OVCA cells.

### **PUBLICATIONS**

1. Gong J., Nikrui N., Chen D., Koido S., Wu Z., Tanaka Y., Cannistra S., Avigan D. and Kufe D. Fusion of Human Ovarian Carcinoma Cell with Autologous and Allogenic Dendritic cells Induce Anti-Tumor Immunity. J. Immunol. 2000, 165:1705-1711.